THE TERRITORY OF NEBRASKA.

A copy of the Report presented in the Senate on Wednesday, by Mr. Douglas, from the Committee on Territories, in explanation of the bill reported from the same committee for organizing the Territory of Nebraska: - REPORT.

The Committee on Territories, to which was referred a bill for an act to establish the Territory of Nebraska, have given the same that serious and deliberate consideration which its great importance demands, and beg leave to report it back to the Senate, with various amendments, in the form of a substitute for the bill

The principal amendments which your committee deem it their duty to commend to the favorable action of the Senate, in a special report, are those in which the principles established by the Compromise measures of 1850, so far as they are applicable to Territorial organization, are proposed to be affirmed and carried into practical operation within the limits of the

into practical operation within the limits of the new Territory.

The wisdom of these measures is attested not less by their salutary and beneficial effects in allaying sectional agitation and restoring peace and harmony to an irritated and distracted people, than by the cordial and almost univer-sal approbation with which they have been resal approbation with which they have been re-ceived and sanctioned by the whole country. In the judgment of your committee, those measures were intended to have a far more comprehensive and enduring effect than the mere adjustment of the difficulties arising out of the recent acquisition of Mexican territory. They were designed to establish certain great principles, which would not only furnish ade-quate remedies for existing evils, but, in all time to come, avoid the perils of a similar agi-tation, by withdrawing the question of Slavery time to come, avoid the perils of a similar agitation, by withdrawing the question of Slavery from the halls of Congress and the political arena, and committing it to the arbitrament of those who were immediately interested in and alone responsible for its consequences. With the view of conforming their action to what they regard the settled policy of the Government, sanctioned by the approving voice of the American people, your committee have deemed it their duty to incorporate and perpetuate in their Territorial bill the principles and spirit of those measures.

of those measures

If any other considerations were necessary to render the propriety of this course impera-tive upon the committee, they may be found in the fact that the Nebraska country occupies the same relative position to the Slavery ques-tion as did New Mexico and Utah when those tion as did New Mexico and Utah when those Territories were organized. It was a disputed point whether Slavery was prohibited by law in the country acquired from Mexico. On the one hand, it was contended, as a legal proposition, that Slavery having been prohibited by the enactments of Mexico, according to the laws of nations we received the country with all its local laws and domestic institutions attached to the soil, so far as they did not conflict with the Constitution of the United States; and that a law either protecting or prohibiting Slavery was not repugnant to that instrument, as was evidenced by the fact that one-half of the States of the Union tolerated, while the other half prohibited, the institution while the other half prohibited, the institution of Slavery. On the other hand, it was insisted that, by virtue of the Constitution of the United States, every citizen had a right to remove to any territory of the Union, and carry his property with him, under the protection of law, whether that property consisted in persons or things. The difficulties arising from this diversity of opinion were greatly aggravated by the fact that there were many persons, on both sides of the legal controversy, who were unwilling to abide the decision of the courts on the matters in dispute. Thus among these the matters in dispute. Thus, among those who claimed that the Mexican laws were still in force, and consequently that Slavery was already prohibited in those territories by valid enactment, there were many who insisted upon Congress making the matter certain by enacting another prohibition. In like manner, some of those who argued that the Mexican laws had ceased to have any binding force, and that the Constitution tolerated and protected slave

Such being the character of the controversy in respect to the territory acquired from Mexico, a similar question has arisen in regard to the right to hold slaves in the proposed Territory of Nebraska, when the Indian laws shall be withdrawn and the country thrown open to emigration and settlement. By the eighth section of "An act to authorize the people of the Missouri Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an original footing with the original States, and to prohibit Slavery in certain Territories," approved March 6, 1820, it was provided, "That in all territory ceded by France to the United States under the name of Louisiana, which lies north of thirty-six degrees and thirty minutes north latitude not included within the limits of the State contemplated by this act, Slavery and involuntary Such being the character of the controver templated by this act. Slavery and involuntary servitude, otherwise than in the punishment of crimes whereof the parties shall have been daly convicted, shall be and is hereby, forever prohibited: Provided, always, That any person escaping into the same, from whom labor or service is lawfully claimed in any State or Ter ritory of the United States, such fugitive may be lawfully reclaimed and conveyed to the person claiming his or her labor or service as

Under this section, as in the case of the Mexican law in New Mexico and Utah, it is a disputed point whether Slavery is prohibited in the Nebraska country by valid enactment. The decision of this question involves the constitu-tional power of Congress to pass laws prescri-bing and regulating the domestic institutions of the various Territorics of the Union. In the opinion of those eminent statesmen who hold that Congress is invested with no rightful authority to legislate upon the subject of Slavery in the Territorics, the eighth section of the act preparatory to the admission of Missouri is noll and void; while the prevailing sentiment in a large portion of the Union sustains the doctrine that the Constitution of the United States serves to cover either an unadionable sight to ourse to every citizen an unalienable right to more into any of the Territories with his prop-erty, of whatever kind and description, and to hold and enjoy the same under the sanction of

Your committee do not feel themselves called upon to enter into the discussion of these controverted questions. They involve the same grave issues which produced the agitation, the sectional strife, and the fearful struggle of 1850. As Congress deemed it wise and prudent to refrain from deciding the matter in controversy then, either by affirming or repealing the Mexican laws, or by an act declaratory of the true intent of the Constitution, and the extent of the protection afforded by it to slave property in the Territories, so your committee are not the protection afforded by it to slave property in the Territories, so your committee are not prepared now to recommend a departure from the course pursued on that memorable occasion, either by affirming or repealing the eighth section of the Missouri act, or by any act declaratory of the meaning of the Constitution in respect to the legal points in dispute. Your committee deem it fortunate for the peace of the country and the security of the Union, that the controversy then resulted in the adoption of the Compromise Measures which the two great political parties with singular unanimity have affilmed as a cardinal article of their faith, and proclaimed to the world as a final settlement of the controversy, and an end of the agitation. A due respect, therefore, for

the avowed opinions of Senators, as well as a proper sense of patrictic duty, enjoin upon your committee the propriety and necessity of a strict adherence to the principles, and even a literal adoption of the enactments of that adjustment in all their Territorial hills, so far as the same are not locally inapplicable. Those enactments embrace, among other things less material to the matters under consideration, the following provisions:

the following provisions:
"When admitted as a State, the said Territory, or any portion of the same, shall be re-esived into the Union with or without Slavery,

ceived into the Union with or without Slavery, as their Constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission.

"That the legislative power and authority of said Territory shall be vested in the Governor and a Legislative Assembly.

"That the legislative power of said Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents.

"Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said supreme court shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and un-

the United States, in the same manner and unthe United States, in the same manner and un-der the same regulations as from the circuit courts of the United States, where the value of the property or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars; except only that in all cases involving title to slaves, the said writ of error or appeals shall be allowed and decided by the said suprefine court, without re-gard to the value of the matter, property, or title in controversy; and except, also, that a utle in controversy; and except, also, that a writ or appeal shall also be allowed to the Su-preme Court of the United States from the depreme Court of the United States from the de-cisions of the said supreme court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, or of the district courts created by this act, or of any judge thereof, upon any writ of habeas corpus involving the question of personal freedom; and each of the said district courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction, in all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States, as is vested in the circuit and district courts of the United States; and the said supreme and district courts of the said Territory, and the respective judges thereof, shall and may grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases in which the same are granted by the judges of the United States in the District of

To which may be added the following prop-

To which may be added the following proposition, affirmed by the act of 1850, known as the Fugitive Slave Law:
That the provisions of the "act respecting fugitives from justice and persons escaping from the service of their musters," approved February 12, 1793, and the provisions of the "act to amend and supplementary to the afore-said act, approved September 18, 1850, shall extend to and be in force in all the organized "Territories," as well as in the various States of

From these provisions, it is apparent that the Compromise Measures of 1850 affirm and rest upon the following propositions: First, that all questions pertaining to Slavery in the Territorics, and in the new States to be

formed therefrom, are to be left to the decision of the people residing therein, through their proper representatives, to be chosen by them

or that purpose.

Second, that "all cases involving titles to slaves" and "questions of personal freedom" are referred to the adjudication of the local

are referred to the adjudication of the local tribunals, with the right of appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Third, that the provisions of the Constitution of the United States in respect to fugitives from service are to be carried into faithful execution in all "the provisions of the local tribunity and the service are to be carried into faithful execution in all "the provisions of the local tribunity and the service are to be carried into faithful execution in all "the provisions of the local tribunity and the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in all "the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are to be carried into faithful executions in the service are t cution in all "the organized Territories," the

The substitute for the bill which your con nittee have prepared, and which is commended to the favorable action of the Senate, proposes to carry these propositions and principroperty in those territories, were unwiting to trust the decision of the courts upon that point, and insisted that Congress should, by direct enactment, remove all legal obstacles to the introduction of slaves into those territories.

BY THE MORNING'S MAIL.

The Canada at Boston-More Battles in the East.

Boston, Jan. 6 .- The steamer Canada has arrived from Halifax, with the foreign mails. Russia and Turkey.—The reports of a bloody action near Kalatat are contradicted. The Turks left six thousand men there when they retired to Widdin.

Fort St. Nicholas was taken by surprise, and

was accompanied with great slaughter. Out of 1,500 Turks, only 80 e-caped.

of 1,500 Turks, only 80 escaped.

Five thousand Russian cavalry attacked the Turkish camp at Valce Doogee, but the Turks defeated them, the people joining in the pursuit. The Turks lost one thousand men.

The Sultan had appointed Abdallah Pasha, a Georgian, governor of Georgia.

The Czar had sent an autograph letter to Prince Menchikeff, congratulating him on the victory at Singer and saving that the fleet on

victory at Sinope, and saying that the fleet on the Black Sea had shown itself worthy to defend the honor and glory of Russia.

The Czar has given a part of the force on the Danube a furlough until March, the ice rendering operations there impossible till spring.

France —Only one-half of the grain had ar rived in France necessary to make up the deficit in the harvest. The searcity will be more severely felt about the end of February. Austria.-There is a deficit in the Austrian

budget of fifty millions.

Italy — The Piedmontese Legislature met on the 19th. The King's speech congratulated

the 19th. The King's speech congratulated the country on its prosperity.

Belgium.—The Minister of Finance has presented to the Chambers the promised bill relative to the foreign code. The bill does not fix the duties, but authorizes the Government to reduce, suspend, or establish them.

Prussia.—The Minister of Commerce has

given notice that the treaty of commerce and navigation of September, 1814, concluded tween the Zollverein and Belgium, expires with the current year, and that negotiations for its renewal had led to no satisfactory result.

The Erie Railroad War in the U. S. Court at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, JAN. 5 .- In the U. S. Court today, Judge Irvin heard arguments on the mo-tion to show why John Kirkpatrick and others, eitizens of Erie, should not be arrested for con-tempt of court, in disregarding the injunction-granted by the court in the case of the Boffalo State Line Railroad vs. The City of Erie. At the conclusion of the argument, the court ordered "that the said John Kirkpatrick, for

said effence, be committed to the jail of Allegheny county, in the western district of Pennssylvania, during the pleasure of said court, or
until discharged by due course of law."

The court also issued an order placing the
Eric and Northeast road in possession of Marshal Frost, who is directed to enforce the in
junction of the Circuit Court of the U States
for the western district of Pennsules.

the avowed opinions of Senators, as well as a Towards. The steamer America continues CLEVELAND, JAN 6 -We have a fresh wind from the north. The thermometer is 20 deg.

> Pennsylvania Legislature. HARRISBURG, JAN. 6.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Strong, of Philadelphia, submitted the fol-lowing joint resolution:

"Resolved, That that portion of the Lake
Shore Railroad from Erie to the Ohio line,
which has been constructed by the Franklin
Canal Company without right or legal authority, and in violation of the sovereignty of Pennsylvania, be and the same is hereby declared
forfeited; and that the Canal Commissioners eted and required to take possession of

The resolution was laid over.

Affairs at Erie. ERIE, PA, JAN. 5.—The people here are greatly pleased with the message of Governor Bigler. The news of the decision of the U. S. Court at Pittsburg has created great excitement.

The Ohio River at Wheeling

WHERLING, JAN. 5 -The weather here today is very cold, and the river is closed above and below us. There are no boats running, though the water is at good stage and rising, there being now four feet five inches in the channel. Should the weather moderate, the river will be thronged with boats to take the immense amount of merchandise waiting trans-portation from all points of the river, a large portion of which is destined for this city.

Execution for Attempted Rape. CHARLESTOWN, VA., JAN. 6 .- Negro Charles convicted of an attempted rape on the porson of a highly respectable lady of this town was executed to-day, in the presence of a large concourse of spectators. He made no confession, as was expected, on the scaffold. He deligated some discouraged some discourag livered some disconnected remarks, in which he said: "I have done some things I ought not to have done, and have left undone many I ought to have done."

BY HOUSE'S TELEGRAPH

## TELEGRAPHIC CORRESPONDENCE FOR DAILY NATIONAL ERA.

England and France Declared War against

Russia.
NEW YORK, JAN. 7, 3 P. M.—Private letter by the Canada say that England and France had formally declared war against Russia, and that Lord Palmerston would resume his place

Later News of the San Francisco. HALIFAX, JAN. 7, 3 P. M —The captain of the brig Maria, of Liverpool reports that when he saw the San Francisco, the engine were not

working, smoke pipe gone. The gale prevented her rendering any assisstance. Boston, Jan. 7-3, P. M .- The mate of the Napoleon says that the spray and not the sea broke over the San Francisco. Part of the hurricane-house standing forward, and the men cutting it away and throwing it overboard.

Smoke issued from the galley.

The captain of the Napoleon thought it safer on the steamer than on his own vessel. The steamer at the South edge of the Gulf Stream, drifting out.

California.

New Orleans, Jan. 6, 3 P. M.—The steam-rs Eldorado and Golden Gate have arrived, with mails and specie. The George Law had left Aspinwall with mails, passengers, specie. Steamer John L Stevens had arrived at San Francisco previous to the departure of the

The San Francisco again seen, in Distress. Boston, Jan. 7 .- The brig Napoleon, Capt. Stout, arrived here this morning, from Matan-zas. Reports that on the 25th ult., in laf. 38 4, lon. 69 30, she fell in with the steamship San francisco, in distress—masts above deck all gone, sea making a fair breach over her. The Captain of the San Francisco stated that the steamer was taking in water last, and requested Capt. Stout to lay by him, which he did. Next morning she was not to be seen, having drifted fast to the eastward. When the Napolcon spoke the San Francisco, she had about 200 sengers on deck.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, JAN. 7, 1 P. M .- Flour dull; no sales; holders a king \$7.12). Wheat—small supply—sales of good to fine white, at \$1.70 a \$1.73; red, at \$1.60 a \$1.62. Corn—sales of yellow, at 68 a 69 cents.

Philadelphia Markets. PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 7 .- Breadstuffs dull.

New York Markets. NEW YORK, JAN. 7, 1 P. M.—There is fair demand for cotton. Prices in favor of buyers. Holders of flour firm. Sales of 5,000 bbis at \$7 50 a 7 6216. Corn—Sales of thirty thousand bushels at 79 to 80 cents for new

Church, by the Rev Mr. Hodges, Thomas W. Brodhead, U. S. N., to Eliza R., daughter of the late James D Barry, of this city.

On the morning of the 5th, in St. Thomas's Church, by the Rev. R. & Gordon, Col. William D. Bowie to Miss Mary Open, daughter of the late. Brigania Olen all of Peinter of the late Benjamin Oden, all of Prince

George's county, Md.
Oa Thursday, the 5th instant, by the Rev.
John C. Smith, Mr. A. B. CLAXTON to Miss E. JENNIE FISHER, all of this city.

DEATHS

In this city, on the 5th instant, HENRY R., infant son of Fanny and C. R. Byrne.
On Friday morning, the 6th instant, at five minutes past one o'clock, HENRY ASHTON BIBB. in his 15th year, youngest son of Hon. George M. Bibb.

In Baltimore, on the 6th instant, John J. Harron, in the 69th year of his age, a well-known and much-beloved citizen.

Also in Baltimore, on the 3d instant, atter a Ingering illness, Julia A. Guyron, in the 48th year of her age.

J. F. ASPER. TTORNEY AT LAW, Warren, Trumbull co., 0
Office No. 5; Market street. Jan. 7-d

NEW BOOK BY REV. JACOB ABBOTT. "ROLLO ON THE ATLANTIC."

BEAUTIFULLY illustrated with original designs By Jacob Abbott.

"Rollo on the Atlantic" is the first book of a reries to be published under the general title of Rollo's

ries to be published under the general title of Rollo's Tour in Europe.

Extract from the Preface:

The books are intended to be books of instruction, rather than of mere amusement; and, in perusing them, the roader may feel assured that all the information which they contain, not only in respect to the countries visited, and to the customs, usages, and modes of life that are described, but also in regard to the general character of the incidents and adventures that the young travellers meet with is in most strict accordance with fact. The main design of the narrative is thus the communication of useful knowledge; and everything which they contain, except what is strictly personal, in relation to the actors in the story, may be depended upon as exactly and scrupniously trac."

Published by

WM. J. REYNOLDS & CO.

Jan. 5

24 Cornhill, Boston.

THE BEST MAGAZINE. The Edectic Mag zine of Foreign Literatur

The Eclectic Mag zine of Foreign Literature,
In literary merit and sterling worth, is without
question the best Magazine published. It is such,
because it comprises, in moderate compass and convenient form, the excellences—the choicest articles—
the cream, so to speak, of all the loading Foreign
Quarterlies and Magazines, and the productions of
their most gifted pens. In this respect, the Eclectic
has a decided advantage over all other Magazines.
Omitting articles of mere local interest and minor
importance to the American reader, its pages offer to
its patrons a large amount of literary wealth, of permanent value, at a small price.

The Eclectic is published in mouthly numbers of
144 pages each, making three large volumes a year,
and nearly 1,800 pages, richly embellished with 12
splendid portraits of distinguished persons or historical subjects. The price is \$5 a year. The January
number begins a new volume. Now is a good time
to subscribe. Orders for the work are solicites. It
will be sent promptly by mail to all who order it.
Address W. H. BIDWELL,
No. 120 Nassau street, New York.

The Sets of the work, in 9 volumes, for the last
three years, neatly bound, lettered, and numbered,
may be had at the office of publication, and sent to
any part of the country.

Jan. 7.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY, and T ust Company, of Philadelphia—office No. 132 C sestant street, (the first door east of the custom-house) Capital, (paid up.) \$300,000. Charter perpetual—continue to make insurances on lives on the most faverable terms.

They act as Executors Trustees, and Guardians under las: with, and as Receivers and Assignees.

The capital being paid up and invested, together with a large and constantly increasing reserved fund, offers a perfect scentrity to the insured.

The premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly, or quarterly.

The Company add a Bonus periodically to the insurances for life. The first bonus, appropriated in December, 1844, and the second boons in December, 1849, amount to an addition of \$202.50 to every \$1,000 insured under the oldest policies, making \$1,252.50, which will be paid when it shall become a claim, instead of \$1,000 originally insured; the next oldest amount to \$1,237.50; the next in age to \$1,212.50 for every \$1,000; the others in the same proportion, according to the amount and time of standing; which additions make an average of mere than 60 per cent. upon the premiums paid, without increasing the annual premium.

The following are a few examples from the register:

Policy.	Sam in sured.	Bonus, or addition.	Am't of policy an l benus, to be in- creased by future additions.
No. 58	\$1,000	\$262.50	\$1,262.50
No. 89	2,500	656.25	3,156.25
No. 276	2,000	475 00	2,475.00
No. 333	5,000	1,187.50	6,187.50
&c. &c.	&c.	&e.	de.

Pamphlots containing tables of rates and explana-tions, forms of application, and further information, can be had at the office.

THOS. RIDGWAY, President.

JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary.

JOHN D. McPHERSON, Agent,
Jan. 7—d Fst., between 9th and 10th sts.

THE NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL U.

STATES MAIL STEAMERS.

STATES MAIL STEAMERS.

THE ships comprising this line are the following:
The ATLANTIC, Capt. West.
The PACIFIC, Capt. Nye.
The ARCTIC, Capt. Luce.
The BALTIC, Capt. Comstock.
The ADRIATIC, Capt. Graf.on.
These ships have been built by contract expressly for Government service; every care has been taken in their con truction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed; and their accommodations for passengers are unequalled for elegance and comfort.

fort.

Price of pas-age f om New York to Liverpool, in first cabin, \$120; in second cabin, \$70. Exclusive use of extra size state rooms, \$300. From Liverpool to New York, £30 and £20. Now York, £30 and £20.

An experienced surgeon attached to each ship.

No borths can be secured until paid for.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

1853.

1853.

1853.
From New York.
Saturday, November 26.
Saturday, December 10.
Saturday, December 24.
Saturday, December 24.
Saturday, December 24.
Saturday, December 24.
Saturday, December 24. From New York. For freight or passage, apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS & CO., No. 56 Wall street, N. Y. BROWN, SHIPLEY, & CO.,

R. G. ROBERTS & CO., 13 King s Arms Yard, London. J. MUNROE & CO., 26 Rue Notre Dame des Victoires, Paris. GEO. H. DRAPER, Havro.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or incals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. Jan. 7—d

ORANGE and ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD. ORANGE and ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

On and after Thursday, October 6, 1853, daily trains (Sundays ex-epted) will be run over this road, agreeably to the following arrangement:

A train for Warrenton and intermediate points will leave the station, corner of Duke and Henry streets, Alexandris, at 8½ o'clock A. M.; arrives at 11 A. M. Returning, will leave Warrenton at a quarter pas. 1 o'clock P. M., arriving in Alexandria at a quarter before 4 P. M.

1 o'clock P. M., arriving in Alexandria at a quarter before 4 P. M.

A train from Culpeper to Alexandria and interme diate points will leave Culpeper at 7½ o'clock A. M., arriving in Alexandria at 1½ o'clock A. M.

Returning, will leave Alexandria at 1½ o'clock P. M., arriving in Culpeper at 4½ o'clock.

A daily stage is running between Gordonsville and Culpeper, in connection with the cars on this and the Virginia Central Roads.

Through Tickets.

Through Tickets. To Gordonsville To Staunton -To Lynchburg To Winehester -W. B. BROCKETT,

REGULAR LINE. JEW YORK, Alexandria, Washington, and George-

NEW YORK, Alexandria, Washington, and Georgetown Packets.
Sch Joner Fairfax—C. Penfie'd, mas'er.
Do. Empire—Rufus Knaop, master.
Do. Statesman—J. D. Cathell, master.
Do. Washington—J. Kendrick, master.
Do. S'nator—W. Kiray, master.
Do. Hamilton—A. Dayton, master.
Do. Arlington—H. Lewis, master.
Do. Arctic—George Wilson, master.
The above packets having resumed their weekly trips, shippers are notified that one of them will positively clear from New York on every Saturday, (or offeener if necessary,) and that this punctuality may

oftener if necessary.) and that this punctuality may be depended upon during the year, until interrupted by ice. STURGES, CLEARMAN, & CO.,

III Wall street, New York.
S. SHINN & SON, Alexandria.

Jan. 7—d F. & A. H. DODGE, Georgetown.

CHARLES FRODSHAM'S IN plain and hunting cases, of every variety of style OF the following choice brands:
Sy va & Co.'s M. C., 1st, in 1 10ths

A plain and distance and size.

Ladies' Watches, of new and elegant styles, just received from the manufactory of Charles Frodsham, 34 Strand, London.

Also, Watches from the most celebrated London For sale by Also, Watches from the most and Swiss makers. For sale by S. WILLARD, Jan. 2—d No. 9 Congress street, Boston.

DISSOLUTION OF LIMITED CO-PARTNER-Notice is hereby given, that the Limited Co-Notice is hereby given, that the Limited Co-Partnership now existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Derby & Miller, Auburn, and Derby, Orton, & Mulligan, Buffalo, will be dissolved and cease on and after the 1st day of February, 1854; and that after that date. Norman C. Miller, of Auburn, and Eugene Mulligan, of Buffalo, each, and they alone, are authorized to sign the names of the firm in the liquidation of the co-partnership business.

Dated at Auburn and Buffalo, Dec. 1, 1853.

ELLIOT G. STORKE, NORMAN C. MILLER, WILLIAM ORTON, CHARLES F. COFFIN, EUGENE MULLIGAN,

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENT. BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. C. Derby will establish himself at No. 8 Park
Place, New York, as Publisher upon his own account,
and will keep on sale the publications of Musers Phillips, Sampson, & Co., of Boston, and Miller, Orton, &
Mulligan, of Anburn and Buffalo.

The other members of the firm, being purchasers of
the entire list of Publications, Plates, Copyrights,
Stock, &c. will form a Limited Co-Partnership, of
which due legal notice will be given, and continue
the business as Publishers and General Booksellers,
with increased facilities, under the firm of

used facilities, under the firm of MILLER, ORTON, & MULLIGAN.

PROSPECTUS OF THE PROHIBITIONIST.

"If any State does the retail and internal traffic "If any State deems the retail and internal traffic in ardent spirits injurious to its citizens, and calculated to produce idleness, vice, or debauchery, I see nothing in the Constitution of the United States to prevent it from regulating or restraining the traffic, or from prohibiting it altogether, if it thinks proper."

Chief Justice Tuney.

On or before the 1st of January, 1854, the Executive Committee of the New York State Temperrance Society will issue the first number of a Monthly Temperance Journal, under the title of "Tus Pao Hibitronists."

ITES SIZE.—It will be printed on a double medium sheet, making eight quarto pages, of four columns to a page; and excluding advertisements, each number will contain an amount of reading matter equal at least to that furnished by our larger-sized daily journals, or to that of an ordinary duodecimo volume of 150 pages. 150 pages.
Irs Object.—To advocate the Cause of Temper.

ance generally, and especially the Legislative Prohibi-tion of the Traffic in Intoxicating Beverages, to pre-pare the minds of the masses for such Prohibition, by showing its expediency and Necessity, and to secure, by all the influence it may legitimately exert, the vigorous enforcement of Prohibitory Laws when ob-tained.

vigorous enforcement of Prohibitory Laws when obtained.

Its Pield.—Dealing with general principles with arguments alike applicable to every community where the traffic exists and with facts illustrative of these arguments and principles, the paper will be National in its spirit, in its scope, in its purpose, and, we trust, it will be National in its circulation and influence. Such is our aim and expectation. We desire to see the Principle of Prohibition established in State after State, till it becomes the recognised policy of the Nation. It is our ambition to bear a part in this great work, and to this end The Prohibition established, not as the organ of a society merely, but of a Great Repormators Moneyment.

Its Necessity.—The existing Temperance Journals have little, if any, circulation outside of the Temperance Ranks. Their price almost necessarily restricts them to the friends of the cause. The Prohibitions is designed for circulation (instead of tracts) among the indifferent and the hostile. For this purpose it is put at a price so low as to enable the friends of Temperance in every school district, by combined action and at an inconsiderable expense, to place a copy in each family that will consent to receive it.

Its Price.—One conv for one year.— \$60.50

ove it.

Its Price.—One copy for one year . . \$0 50

Its Price.—One copy for one year \$0.50
Three, to one address, one year 1.00
Seven do. do. - 2.00
And for each additional four copies, \$1.00 will be added, for any quantity less than fifty copies.
For fifty copies to one address \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$11.00
No subscription received for less than one year, and in every case the order must be accompanied by the money.

and in every case the order must be accompanied by the money.

The paper will be under the general direction of the Executive Committee, who have received ample assurances of literary aid from not a few of the ablest and most eminent writers in the temperance ranks throughout the Union.

The work will be stereotyped, and back numbers can be supplied to new subscribers at any time during the year.

the year.

All orders should be addressed to 0. Scovill, Pub-All orders should be addressed to O. Scovill, Publishing Agent, Albany.
Communications for the paper, or in relation to the interests of the cause generally, should be directed to Wm. H. Burleigh, Corresponding Secretary.
In behalf of the New York State Temperance Society: EDWARD C. DELAVAN, President.

Executive Committee.—Henry Mandeville, Reuben H. Walworth, John O. Cole, I. N. Wyckoff, William Richardson, Edgar B. Day, Hermon Camp, B. P. Staats, Oliver Scovill.

The Committee request all editors in the United States to give the above one insertion in their to States to give the above one insertion in their columns. To all who comply with this request, we will send the Prohibitionist for one year, without an exchange, unless they choose to add to our obligation by sending their papers also, which would, of course, be most thankfully received.

Jan. 2—dtf

NEW GOODS.

PARKER, at his Perfumery and Fancy Store, under the National Hotel, Pa. avenue, is just opening a new and complete stock of Goods, consisting, in part, of— GLOVES.

Ladies and Gent's Paris Kid Gloves, all sizes and col PERFUMERY. PERFUMERY.

Extracts, from the houses of Lubin and Prevost, Paris, and Harrison. Philadelphia;

Genuine German Cologne, Pomatum, Boeuf Marrow;
Cold Cream, Macassar Oil, W. I. Bay Rum;
Low's Brown Windsor Soap, Cleaver's Honey Soap;
Lubin's Rose and Musk Soaps;
Taylor's Transparent Balls, &c., &c.

BRUSHES. BRUSHES.

English, French, and American Hair Brushes, in one hundred different patterns;
1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 row Tooth Brushes, London made. for our sales expressly; Nail and Cloth Brushes, &c., &c., &c.

COMBS. Tuck Combs, latest Paris styles; Shell, Buffalo, English cold-pressed Horn and India Rubber Dressing Combs;
John Fen's premium ivory fine-teeth Combs, and
Pocket Combs.

FOR SHAVING. Guerlain's, Roussel's, and Harrison's Shaving Cream; Military Cakes, and all other Shaving Soaps; Badger's hair Shaving Brushes, very superior. PARKER'S PREMIUM RAZOR STROP.

Washington, March 12, 1849.
We, the undersigned, having fairly tested Parker's Metallic Razor Strop Powder, to which the Maryland Institute has awarded a premium, take great pleasure in certifying that it will keep the Razor in fine, smooth

in certifying that it will keep the Razor in fine, smos shaving order, without the use of hone.

J. Macpherson Berrien, U. S. Senator.
W. W. Seaton, Mayor of Washington.
W. S. Archer, House of Representatives.
Rev. T. M. Pease, Washington City.
Thomas J. Rusk, U. States Senator.
Hiram Walbridge, Esq., New York city.
RAZORS.
Wade & Butcher's, of our own importation;
Tally-Ho, from 25 cents to \$1.25 each.
Razors imported to order, and all warranted.
Jan. 2—d

AGENCY FOR ALL THE MAGAZINES. AT SHILLINGTON'S BOOKSTORE.

r's Magazine,
m's Magazine,
"s Lady's Book,
ated Magaz, of Art, Kniekerbocker Magazine,
"s Magazine, Harper's Magazine, Graham's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, Diekens Household W Littell's Living Age, London Punch, Historical Educator. Littell's Living Age,
Ladies' Nat. Magazine, London Punch,
London Illustrated News, Blackwood's Magazine.

Also, the reprint of all the Foreign Reviews, comprising the London Quarterly, Westminster, Edinburgh, and North British.

All the Literary Newspapers published in Philadelphia, New York, and Boston; also, all the New Books, received as fast as published.

A very complete and varied assortment of fine note and letter Paper, comprising all the most beautiful qualities and sizes in general use.

A large assortment of Blank Books, for sale at
JOE SHILLINGTON'S BOOKSTORE.

JOE SHILLINGTON'S ROOKSTORE Odeon Building, cor. 4; st. and Pa. avenue

HAVANA CIGARS. La Philanthropa, in 1-4ths; La Ado asion, in 1-4ths; El Sol de Peuarvel, in 1-4ths; George Washington, in 1-4ths; George Washington, in 1-5ths; El Consolation, in 1-4ths; Ambrosia Londres, 1st, 1-10ths; Do. 2d, 1-5ths; Do. 2d, 1-5ths;
El Etseo, in 1-10ths;
La Cosmopolita, in 1-5ths;
Maria Antoinette Londros Regalia, 1st, 1-10ths;

Maria Antoinette Londros Regalia, 1st, 1-10ths;
Bo. do. do. 2d, 1-10ths;
Repaniola for le Prensado, in 1-4ths;
1 case "original" Victoria Londres, 6,000.
Together with a fine assortment of Chewing Tobacco.
SHEKELL & BALLEY,
(Successors to John B. Kibbey & Co.,)
Jan. 4—d6tif No. 5, opposite Centre Market. CAMERON'S

CENERAL AGENCY and Insurance Office, 3 Co-lumbia Place, (2 doors north of Louisiana ave-nue.) Seventh street, (east side.) Washington, D. C. Claims before Congress and the different Depart-ments. Jan. 3—d SEGARS! SEGARS! "I can't get a decent Segar in Washington,"

"I can't get a decent Segar in Washington,"

Is a phrase hourly heard from strangers, in our city.
Without admitting or denying its truth, the subsoriber determined to remedy the evil. To this end,
he has made a list of every brand which any gentleman has pronounced "the best segar I ever smoked,"
and with this decument he has procured from the first
importers in New York, a stock of these choice
brands, and now offers them to the public.

Every femigator, who knows a good segar when he
smells it, is requested to call and examine the stock.

JOHN SESSFORD,

Sign of Jim Crow, 7 doors east of National Hotel.
Jan. 2—3m

ALBERT G. BROWNE, Commission Merchant, and Agent of the Boston Hemp Manufacturing Company. Gangs of Rigging, and Manilla Cordage; American, Russia, and Manilla Hemp, for sale.

Jan. 6—d3m No. 152 Commercial st., Boston.

RELIGIOUS BOOK DEPOSITORY. CRAY & BALLANTYNE, Seventh street, two
doors above Odd Fellows' Hall, have the only
Depository in this city of the publications of the
American Bible Society;
Methodist Book Concern;
Robert Carter & Brothers;
Productarian Secret.

Robert Carter & Brothers;
Presbyterian Board;
American Tract Society;
Evangelical Knowledge Society;
American Sunday School Union;
New England and Massachusetts Sabbath School Societies; and all the principal Religious Publishers.
It is therefore apparent that their stock of Standard Theological Works and general Religious Literature must be unequalled.

ard Theological works and golden.

They always keep an extensive assortment of all the Hymns used in the different churches, family and pocket Bibles and Prayer Books, in plain and superb

pocket Bibles and Prayer Books, in plain and superb bindings.

Attractive and choice Juvoniles, embracing nearly all of the most useful and entertaining Books for the young, published.

School Books, of all the kinds used in the city and

country schools, at New York prices.

Blank Books, Staple and Fancy Stationery.

Pocket Knives, Portmonnaies, Portfolios, W.

ANOTHER NEW BOOK,

ANOTHER NEW BOOK,

By the Author of the "Wide, Wide World."

CARLKRINKBN: his Christmas Stockings. Beautifully illustrated. Price, 75 cents; gilt, \$1.25.

The Bow in the Cloud; or, Covenant Mercy for the Afflicted. Numerous engravings. Price, \$3.50

Glad Tidings; or, The Gospel of Pence. Price, 63 cts.

Popular Legends of Brittany. Illustrated. Price, 75 cents.

Spiritual Progress; or, Instructions in the Divine Life of the Soul. From the French of Fencion and Madame Guyon. Price, 75 cents.

The Old and the Now; or, The Changes of Thirty Years in the East. By Wm. Goodell. Price, \$1.25.

Old Sights with New Eyes. Price, \$1.

Conversion: Its Theory and Process. By Rov. T. Spencer. Price, \$1.25.

Autobiography of Rev. J. B. Finley; or, Pioncer Life in the West. Price, \$1.

Christ in History; or, The Central Power among Men. By Robert Turnbull, D. D. Price, \$1.25.

GRAY & BALLANTYNE, 7th st.

Jan. 4—d2 2 doors above Odd Fellows! Hall.

COFFEE, TEAS, AND VARIETIES.

COFFEE, TEAS, AND VARIETIES OLD Government Java Coffee; Brown Java, in pockets; Genuine Mocha, in half and quarter bales; Maracaibe and White Rio Coffee; reasted and ground Coffee, reasted and ground in the District.

Any of the above Coffees may be reasted and

ground to order, at short notice.

Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson. and very fine Old Hyson Teas;
Oolong and Pouchong Black Teas;
Souchong, or English Breaklast Tea;
Wine, Lemon, and Fancy Crackers, supplies received weekly. weekly; English Dairy Cheese, "imitation;" English Dairy Cheese, 'imitation;'
Do. do. real genuine, very rich;
Gosben Cheese, plain;
Pine-apple Cheese, Lewis Norton's best brands;
Whole and fresh ground Spices, all kinds;
Rice Flour, Oswego Corn Starch, and Farina;
Wheaten Grits and Small Hominy
SHEKELL & BAILEY,

cessors to John B. Kibbey & Co.,)

No 5, opposite Centre Market SERVANT WANTED.

GOOD Wages will be paid to a colored woman com-petent to do the work of a small family. Inquire over Mr. Edmonston's Shoe Store, 7th street, near E. Jan. 3—d3t HUGH CAMERON. DEALER in Books, Periodicals, and Stationery, wholesale and retail, 3 Columbia Place, corner 7th street and Louisiana avenue, Washington, D. C. Jan. 3—d

A NEW GLEE BOOK. by J. B. WOODBURY. Author of " Dulcinea," etc.

THE COLUMBIA GLEE BOOK; or, Music for the Million, in three parts.

Part 1—comprising the largest number of choice Glees, Quartettes, Trios, Songs, Opera Choruses, &c., ever published.

Part 2—consisting of Sacred Anthems, Choruses, Quartettes, &c., for select societies and concerts.

Part 3—containing most of the old popular Continental Psalm tunes. Making the most complete collection, in all its features, ever published.

For sale by

For sale by
FRANCK TAYLOR, Washington, D. C.
JEWETT, PROCTOR, & WORTHINGTON,
Class and Ohi MOORE, ANDERSON, & CO., Cincinnati,
2.—1d3w Ohio. DUTCH CHEESE-DUTCH HERRINGS. GENUINE "Edam" Cheese, in cases of 2 dozen each, in prime order. Genuine Dutch herrings, in small kegs, in good order.

SHEKELL & BAILEY,

(Successors to J. B. Kibbey & Co.,)

6tif No. 5, opposite Centre Market SMOKED AND PICKLED SALMON. SELECTED No. 1 Salmen, "fresh smoked." No. 1 pickled Salmon in tierces. Mess Mackerel, very fine, in 25 pound kitts. No. 1 Mackerel, in half barrels and 25 pound kitts.

SHEKELL & BAILEY.

(Successors to J. B. Kibbey & Co...)
Jan. 2—dlwif No. 5, opposite Centre Market

SCALE HADDOCK, WHITE FISH, DUN

FISH.

No. 1 scale Haddock, in 25 lb. kitts and barrols;
White Fish, in 25 lb. kitts and barrols; Dun Fish, best quality; Grand Bank Codfish;

Grand Bank Codhsh;
Scale Herring in boxes;
No. 1 Mackerel, large, in barrels;
No. 2 do. in halfs and barrels.
SHEKELL & BAILEY,
(Successors to John B. Kibbey & Co.,)
Jan. 2—dlwif No. 5, opposite Contre Market. D. CAMPBELL, SADDLER, Harness, and Trunk Maker. Pennsyl vania avenue, a few doors east of the Nationa Hotel, City of Washington. Jan. 2-3m

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS AT SHILLING TON'S BOOKSTORE. A NNUALS of the most splendid binding. Elegan A editions of the Poets.

A beautiful assortment of Juvenile Books, Episcopal and Catholic Prayer Books, Toy Books, Portfo ios, Portmonnaies, Albums, and everything in the

fancy stationery line; for sale at
SHILLING FON'S BOOKSTORE,
Odeon Buildings, cor 4; st. and Pennsylvania av
Jan. 2—3w

F. MATTINGLY,
HAT, Cap, and Misses Flat Manufacturer, No. 7
Washington Place, 7th street, between D and E,
Washington, D. C. Jan. 2. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PICKLES.

A ND English Sauces, viz: Gherkins, Mixed, Pie calilly, Chow Chow, Walnut, Canliflower, Eng-lish, of both Crosse & Blackwell's and Batty's export hist, or total control of the contro Lee & Perrin's celebrated Worcestershire Sauce, in quarts, pints, and half pints, late importation. Also, John Bull's, Harvey, Reading, India Soy, Es-sence of Anchovics, and Lobster: Crosse & Blackwell's and Whybrow's Eng. Mustard; Louis Frere's French Mustard;

Louis Frere's French Amstard;
English refined Table Salt, in jars.
SHEKELL & BAILEY,
(Successors to John B. Kibbey & Co.,)
Jan. 3—dlwif No. 5, opposite Centre Market. WHITE SLAVERY IN THE BARBARY STATES

BY HON. CHARLES SUMNER. With 40 splendid Billustrations by Billings, engraved by Baker & Billustrations by Billings, engraved by Baker & Smith. It makes a beautiful 16mo volume of about 140 pages, bound in cloth, thin boards, printed in the most elegant style, on the best paper. THE ARGUMENT. Introduction. Territory of the Barbary States. The ubject and Sources of Information. 1. Origin of Slavery. Slavery in the Barbary States

H. History of White Slavery in the Barbary States
H. History of White Slavery in Barbary; Early
Riforts against it—by Ferdinand the Catholic, by
Charles V, by England, by France, by Holland; Free
dom by Redemption: Freedom by Consperacy; Free
dom by Rescape; White American Victims to Barba
ry; Parallel between White and Black Slavery; Tri
umphant Abolition of White Slavery. III. True Character of White Slavery in Barba

Apologies for White Slavery in Barbary, Apologies for White Slavery; Happy Condition of the White Slaves; Better off in Barbary than at Home Better off than the Free Christians in Barbary; Nevertheless, Unquestionable Enormity of White Slavery in Barbary. Conclusion. Price 50 cts.; postage 12 ats
For sale by LEWIS CLEPHANE.

HENRY JANNEY.

SHOE DEALER, and Fashionable Boot Maker Pennsylvania Avenue, between Browns' Hore and Seventh street, Washington. Jan 2-3m

HENRY JANNEY'S Boot and Shoe Store and Manufactory, for the last ten years located on 8th stroet, near the General Post Office, was removed to Pennsylvania Avenne, between Browns Hot-I and 7th street, where the proprietor has spared no pains or expense in fitting up an establishment commencurate with the great increase in the business of the house.

rate with the great increase in the business of the house.

The subscriber tenders his most cordial and grateful acknowledgments to his friends and patrons for their long-continued favors, and will be passed to meet them in his new house.

I have a very well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoos, of French, New York, Eastern, and my own make, embracing every style and variety, to wrich I invite the attention of members of Congress, and citizens generally.

HENRY JANNEY.

Penn. av., north side, between Browns' Hotel Jan. 2 and 7th st., third door from the latter.

From the United States Argus. From the United States Argus.

To those persons who may visit Washington, and are in want of a boot that cannot be excelled, either in quality or workmanship, we would call their attention to the card of Henry Junney, to be found under the head of "Washington." A handsome and nearly-made boot is not at all times a nource of pleasure to the wearer, but often one of exfreme torture; this is caused by the bungling manner in which the boot is fitted to the foot. Mr. Jamey has decreted much of his time in studying the construction of the human toot, in order to ascertain how a boot should be cut and fitted, that will be perfectly easy to all parts of the foot. In this he has succeeded, so that it matters not what may be the shape of, or the number of corms on the foot, his boot is perfectly easy. Thus he has combined beauty with comfort.

S. FOWLER & CO. (store in Odd Fellows' Hall making their stock at this time equal to any in the country; consisting in part as follows, vis:
Decorated gold band and plain white French China Dinner, Desert, Tea, and Breakfast Sets, and detached pieces, such as Fruit Baskets, Composiers, Casseroles, ornaments for dining tables, and Punch

Bowls. India China, in dinner and tes sets, and detached

India China, in dinner and tea sets, and detached piects.

Iron Stone China, decorated, flowing blue, and white dinner, tea, breakfast, and tollet sets, and detached pieces, in every pattern and shape.

Also, in great variety—
Dresden, Torra-cotta, Parian, and French China;
Vases, Card Receivers, Jewel Stands;
Candlesticks, Motto Cups and Saucers;
Mugs, Pitchers, &c.
GLASSWARE, rich cut and engraved.
Crestal straw, stem, and Pressed Goblets;

ILASSWARE, rich cut and engraved.
Crystal straw, stem, and Pressed Goblets:
Champagaes. Wines, Cordials, and Tumblers;
Finger Bowls, Water Bottles, Spoon Holders;
Toilet Bottles, Cologne Bottles, Globes;
Lamps, rich and plain Decanters;
Cut and pressed Bowls, and silvered Bowls;
Solar, Etherial, Hall, and Side Lamps;
Candelabras, Girandoles, rich and plain Castors;
Britannia Coffee Urns, Tea Sets, covered and un covered:

Britannia Coffee Urns, Tea Sets, covered and uncovered;
Pitchers, Punch and Molasses Pitchers;
Fine Cutlery and Albata Forks, Spoons, &c., of the most approved and latest patterns;
Also, Block Tin Coffee Urns, Biggins, Teapots, Plate Warmers, Egg Boilers, &c.
With an endlesss variety of goods not named, which we respectfully invite strangers and citizens to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Storekeepers and country merchants will find it to their advantage to buy of us, as our facilities are equal to any other importing house in the United States, and we are determined to sell as low.

N. B. Goods carefully put up for the country by an experienced packer, and delivered free of charge in any part of the city.

Jan. 2—dif

TO THE CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS Who Seek their Supplies in our Morket.

ONE PRICE ONLY. We are now in our NEW STORE, which was creeted expressly for us. We think it the most comfortable and best lighted storeroom in the city; and with increased room, facilities, and experience, deemed quite ample, we shall deal targetly in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

of every style, all of the best qualities, and for which we shall have one price only.

We shall sell cheaper than we ever have done; and in having one price only (which, in our opinion, is the only fair and equitable way of doing business) we shall maintain our self-respect, which is above all price or success. Moreover, we expect to retain all the trade of those prompt customers who have made their purchases of us for some years past, and doabtiess we shall have a large accession of new customers, who prefer to buy where one fair price easy as asked.

We feel that our simple word in requisite only to We feel that our simple word is requisite only to satisfy our former customers that the one price system is the correct one, and to their advantage; and we do not hesitate to assert our belief that all candid and intelligent persons will, after an impartial examination of prices, fabric, and styles, give a one price store the preference. Those who are not judges of goods cannot fail to be impressed at once with the manifold and vast advantages to the purchaser resulting from the adoption in good faith of the one price system; it necessarily insures low prices to the purchaser, for it becomes absolutely necessary to meet at the start all competition that can be offered in prices.

orices.

Our scale of prices will be so low, and the profits so our scale of prices will be so low, and the profits so small, that we cannot and will not seil but for the cash or to customers who pay promptly. For those who purchase very largely, or to sell again, reductions will be made.

The public are cordially and most respectfully in-

vited to call at all times and examine our stock.

PERRY & BROTHER, "Central Stores,"

Jan 2-d (Op. Centre Market,) Washington City SUPERIOR ROSEWOOD, MAHOGANY, AND WALNUT FURNITURE, TUST received at WALL'S cheap House Furnish Ing Warerooms, on Seventh street, opposite the

Rosewood, Mahogany, and Walnut Tete-a-Tete and ety; Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs, and Rockers to match Maghogany, Walnut, French, and Cottage Bedsteads, Walnut and Mahogany Etageres; Cabinets and Whatoots; Mahogany and Walnut marble-top and plain Bureaus;

Mahogany, Walsut, and Maple Wardrobes; Feather Beds, hair and shuck Mattrosees; Handsome gilt and Mahogany Mirrors; And a very large and general assortment of all kinds of goods necessary for farnishing, to which the attention of those farnishing is respectfully invited. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. All of which will be sold very low at WALL'S House

Farnishing Warcrooms, on Seconth street, opposite Intelligencer office. Jan. 2-dlw NEW AND ELEGANT SILKS, EMBROI-DERIES, CLOAKS, &c.

THE subscribers beg loave respectfully to invite the attention of the ladies of the city and vicinity to the following new and rich Goods, which have just been received, viz 50 dresses extra rich Brocade Silks, for evenings;

50 dresses extra rich Brocade Silks, for evenings;
75 do. do. street;
25 do. do. Moru antique, watered;
15 do. do. Moru antique, brocade;
16 do. do. black Brocade Silk;
12 do. do. flounced Brocade Silks;
10 pieces light colored plain Poult de Soje;
25 do. very rich plaid Silks;
26 do. Silk Hiusions, for party dresses, all col's;
30 do. watered and plain real Irish Poplins;
150 new style Paris-trimmed Chemisettes a Sloeves, in sets.

in sets.

250 do. French embroidered Collars;
50 do. French embroidered cambric Chemisettes and Sleeves, in sets;
75 French embroidered Chemisettes and Sleeves, trimmed with Maliese Honiton, and Valenciums Leeves very shown.

trimmed with Maltiese Honiton, and Valenciennes Laces, very cheap;
150 pairs embroidered wu lin and cambrie Sloeves,
250 French embroidered Handk is a great variety;
300 pieces English and Fronch Thread Laces;
25 velvet Cloaks, latest style;
25 embroidered cloth Cloaks, latest style;
25 plain and trimmed cloth Cloaks,
50 small Persian Scaris, for the neck;
51 less Cashones Sharis. 50 small Persian Scaris, for the neck;
50 long Cashmere Shawls;
25 richly-embroidered white craps Shawls;
Together with a great variety of new and elegant articles appropriate to the season; all of which we are enabled to offer at reduced prices, baying taken

advantage of the advanced season to make our pur chases. [Jan. 2.] HOOE, BROTHER, & CO. BUTTER AND BUCKWHEAT.

GOSHEN Butter, aclected from Delaware county
Dairies. New York and Pennsylvania extra
hulled Buckwheat, in barrols, half barrols, and bags.
The best Philadelphia butter in prints, for table use.
Supplies received weekly, and any quantity delivered to order. SHEKELL & BAILEY.

(Successors to J. B. Kibbey & Co...)

Jan 2—diwif No. 5, opposite Centre Market.